

BIOL 208 : Vertebrate Diversity and Evolution

Evolution is the unifying paradigm for biology that allows us to track the historical pathways and processes behind the form and functions that we see in current life. Systematics is the study of the diversification, and the relationships among living things. This course will introduce students to 1) the branching patterns of relationships among taxa, and 2) the core concepts and methods used for evolutionary and systematic study.

Credits 4.0

Prerequisites

BIOL 103, 104.